

Student Name

Mathematics Stage 5 Paths

VOLUME

Book 1 Solve problems involving volumes

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OVERVIEW

SYLLABUS CONTENT

MA5-VOL-P-01 applies knowledge of the volume of right pyramids, cones and spheres to solve problems involving related composite solids

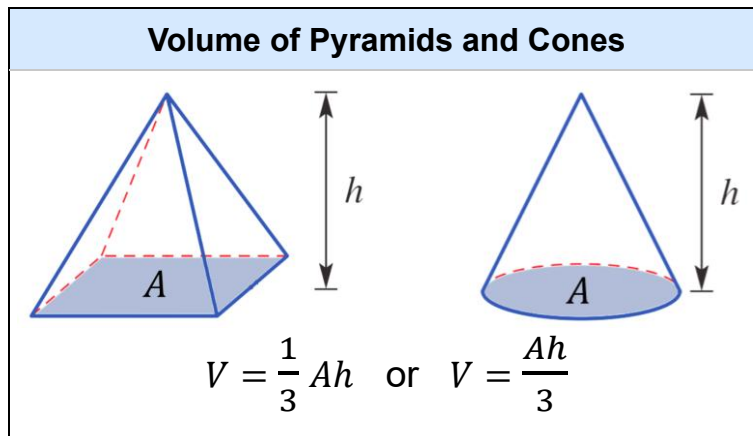
Solve problems involving volumes

- Find the volume of right pyramids and right cones by using an appropriate formula: volume of pyramid or cone $V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$, where A is the base area and h is the perpendicular height
- Find the volume of spheres by using an appropriate formula: volume of sphere $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$, where r is the length of the radius
- Apply knowledge of right pyramids, right cones and hemispheres to solve problems involving composite solids
- Solve practical problems related to the volumes and capacities of solids including right pyramids, right cones and spheres

REVIEW OF PRIOR KNOWLEDGE

VOLUME OF PYRAMIDS AND CONES PART 1

- A **pyramid** is a 3D solid with a flat **base** and triangular sides that meet at a point called the **apex**.
- The **perpendicular height** is the vertical distance from apex to base.
- A **cone** is like a pyramid, but with a circular base.

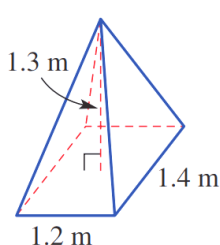


Example Calculate volumes of pyramids and cones.

Calculate the volumes to the nearest m³. $V = \frac{1}{3} Ah$ $= \frac{1}{3} \times (5 \times 5) \times 6$ $= 50 \text{ m}^3$	What is the formula for the volume of pyramids and cones? Where did the 5×5 come from? 5×5 is the of the square base.
$V = \frac{1}{3} Ah$ $= \frac{1}{3} \times \pi(5)^2 \times 12$ $\approx 314 \text{ m}^3$	Where did $\pi(5)^2$ come from? $\pi(5)^2$ is the of the base.

Calculate the volumes of these pyramids and cones. Round your answer to 2 d.p.

a



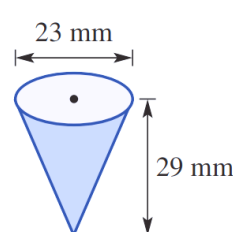
$$V = \frac{1}{3} Ah$$

$$=$$

$$=$$

0.73 m³

b



$$V = \frac{1}{3} Ah$$

$$=$$

$$=$$

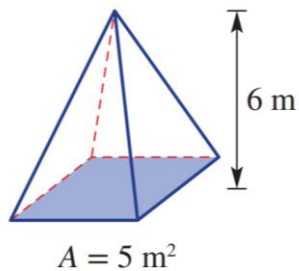
4016.26 mm³

Key ideas

1. The volume of a pyramid or a cone is one third times the and the height.
2. The height of a pyramid or a cone is the distance between the apex and the base.

- 1 Find the volume of these solids with the given base areas.
Round your answer to 2 decimal places.

a

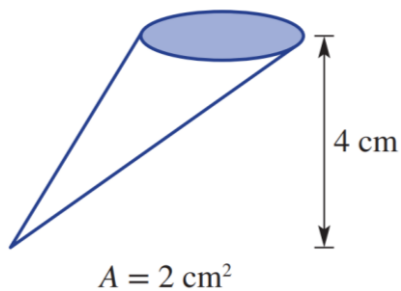


$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

=

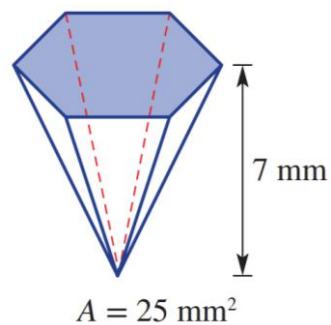
10 m³

b



2.67 cm³

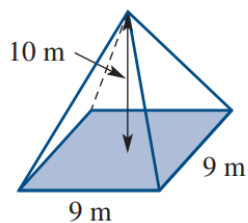
c



58.33 mm³

- 2 Find the volume of these solids. Round your answer to 2 decimal places.

a

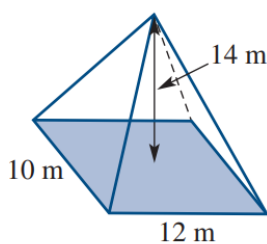


$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

=

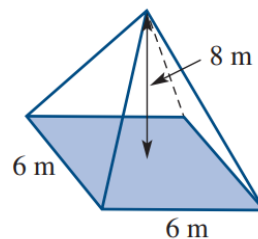
270 m³

b



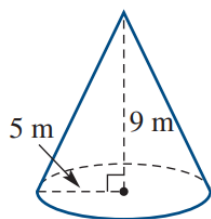
560 m³

c



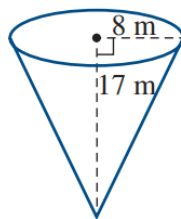
96 m³

d



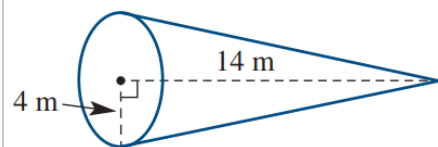
235.62 m³

e



1139.35 m³

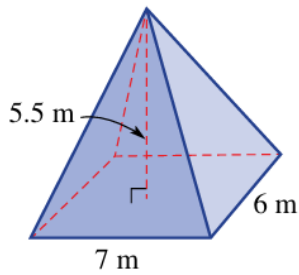
f



234.57 m³

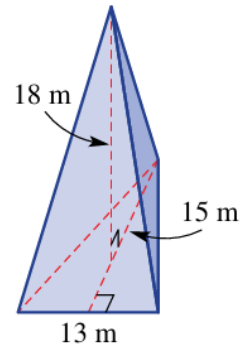
3 Find the volumes of these pyramids.

a



77 m³

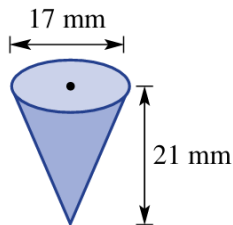
b



585 m³

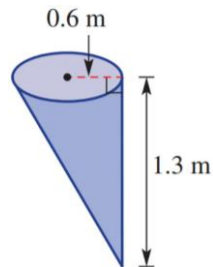
4 Find the volumes of these cones, round your answer to 2 decimal places.

a



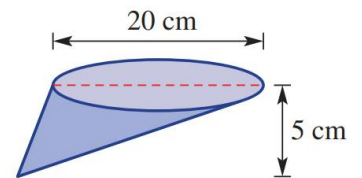
1588.86 mm³

b



0.49 m³

c



523.60 m³

5 The Red Pyramid in Egypt is the third tallest pyramid ever built.

It has a square base with a side length of 220 m and a perpendicular height of 104 m.

a What is the area of the square base?

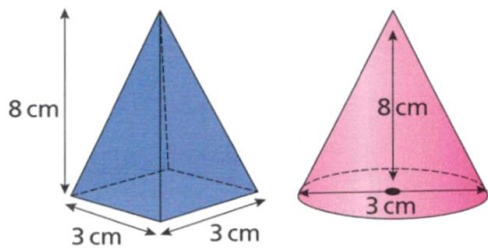
b Determine the volume of the Red Pyramid. Answer to the nearest cubic metre.

1 677 867 m³

6 An ice-cream cone measures 4.6 cm in diameter and is 9 cm high.
Calculate the volume of the cone. Answer correct to two decimal places.

49.86 m³

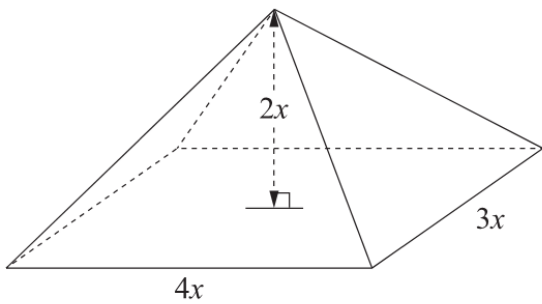
7 What is the difference between the volumes of these two solids?



5.15 cm³

8 2018 HSC Standard 2 Band 4

What is the volume of the pyramid in cubic metres?



- A. $8x^3$
- B. $9x^3$
- C. $12x^3$
- D. $24x^3$

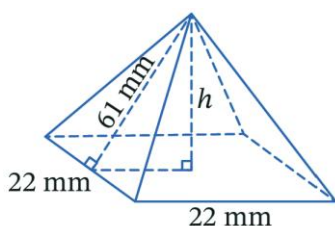
A

VOLUME OF PYRAMIDS AND CONES PART 2

- For some questions, you will need to find the perpendicular height before applying the formula.
 - Find perpendicular height using Pythagoras: $a = \sqrt{c^2 - b^2}$
Do not round your answer.
 - Calculate volume using $V = \frac{Ah}{3}$.

Example Calculate volumes of pyramids and cones by finding perpendicular height.

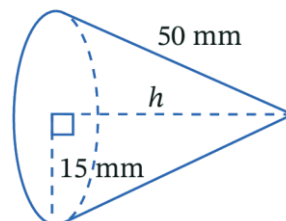
Calculate the volumes of these pyramids and cones to one decimal place.



$$\begin{aligned} 1. \\ h &= \sqrt{61^2 - 11^2} \\ &= 60 \end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3} Ah \\ &= \frac{1}{3} (22 \times 22)(60) \\ &= 9680 \text{ mm}^3 \end{aligned}$$



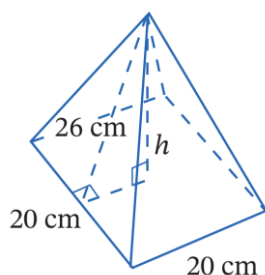
$$\begin{aligned} 1. \\ h &= \sqrt{50^2 - 15^2} \\ &= \sqrt{2275} \end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3} Ah \\ &= \frac{1}{3} (\pi \times 15^2) \times \sqrt{2275} \\ &= 11238.3 \text{ mm}^3 \end{aligned}$$

Calculate the volumes of these pyramids and cones. Answer to the nearest whole.

a

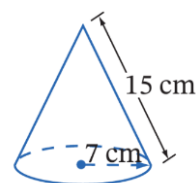


1.

2.

$$3200 \text{ cm}^3$$

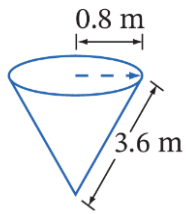
b



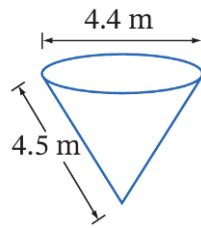
$$681 \text{ cm}^3$$

1 Find the volume of these pyramids and cones. Answer to 1 d.p.

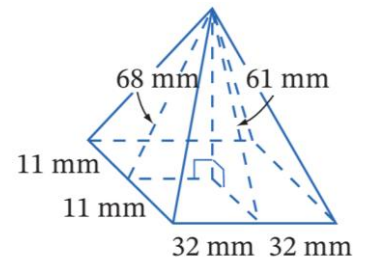
a



b



c

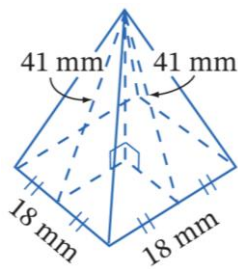


2.4 m³

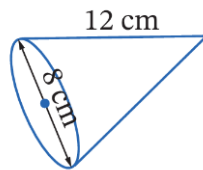
19.9 cm³

28 160 mm³

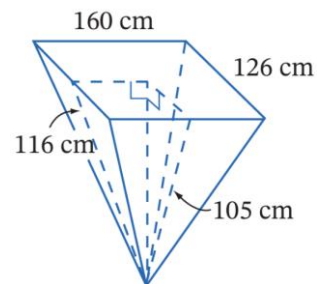
d



e



f

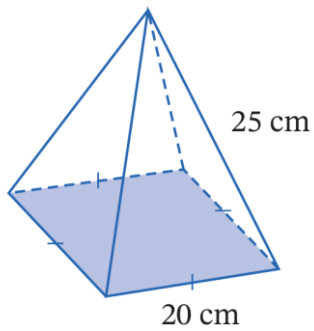


4320 mm³

189.6 cm³

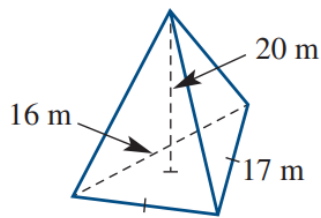
564 480 mm³

- 2 Find the volume of this square pyramid. Answer to 1 d.p.
(Hint: you are given the *edge height*; to make a right-angled triangle you need to use the diagonal of the base.)



2748.7 cm³

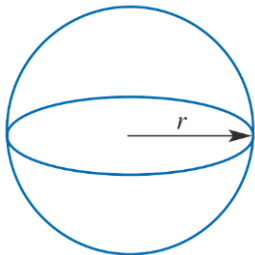
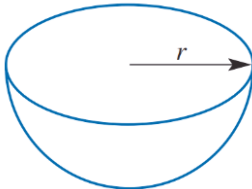
- 3 A triangular pyramid has a base with sides 16 m, 17 m and 17 m.
The height of the pyramid is 20 m. What is the volume of the triangular pyramid?
(Hint: you need to use Pythagoras' Theorem to find the height of the base triangle)



800 m³

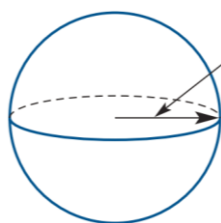
VOLUME OF SPHERES AND HEMISPHERES

- A **sphere** is a perfectly round 3D solid.
- A **hemisphere** is half a sphere.

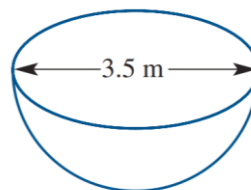
Sphere	Hemisphere
 $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$	 $V = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Example Calculate volumes of spheres and hemispheres.

Calculate the volumes of these spheres and hemispheres to one decimal place.



$$\begin{aligned}
 V &= \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \\
 &= \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 7^3 \\
 &\approx 1436.8 \text{ m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 V &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 1.75^3 \\
 &\approx 11.2 \text{ m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

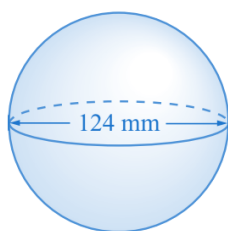
Calculate the volumes of these spheres and hemispheres. Answer to 1 d.p.

a

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

=

=



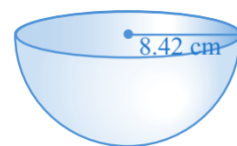
998 306.0 mm³

b

$$V = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

=

=



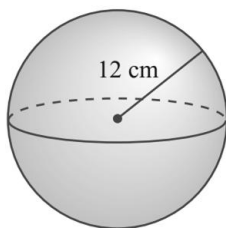
1250.2 cm³

Key ideas

1. The volume of a sphere is
2. The volume of a hemisphere is

1 Calculate the volume of these spheres. Round your answer to 1 decimal place.

a



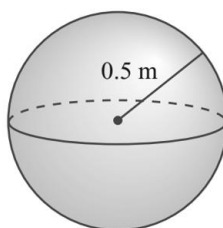
$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

=

=

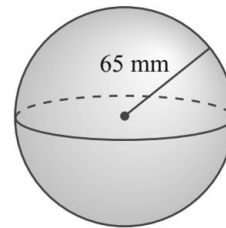
7238.2 cm³

b



0.5 m³

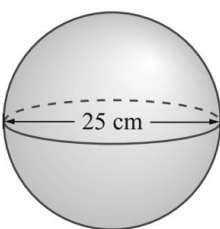
c



1 150 346.5 mm³

2 Calculate the volume of these spheres. Round your answer to 1 decimal place.

a



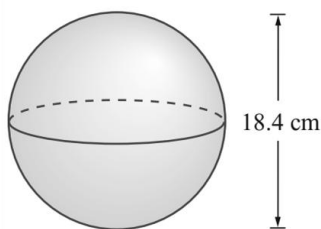
$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

=

=

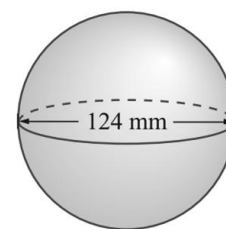
8181.2 cm³

b



3261.8 cm³

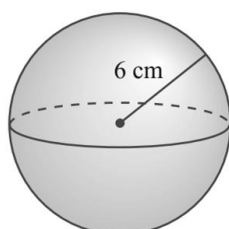
c



998 306.0 mm³

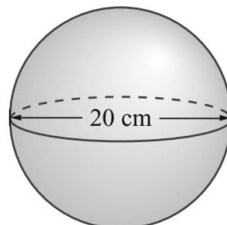
3 Calculate the volume of these spheres. Round your answer to 1 decimal place.

a



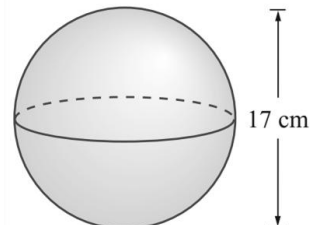
904.8 cm³

b



4188.8 cm³

c

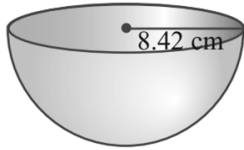


2572.4 cm³

DEVELOPMENT

- 4 Calculate the volume of these hemispheres. Round your answer to 2 decimal places.

a



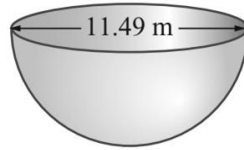
$$V = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

=

=

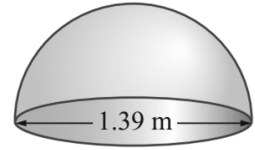
1250.24 cm³

b



397.13 m³

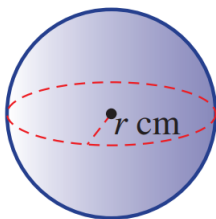
c



0.70 m³

- 5 Find the radius of these spheres with the given volumes, correct to 2 decimal places.

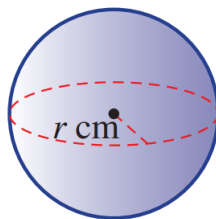
a



$$V = 15 \text{ cm}^3$$

1.53 cm

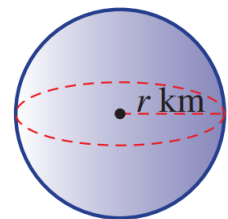
b



$$V = 180 \text{ cm}^3$$

3.50 cm

c

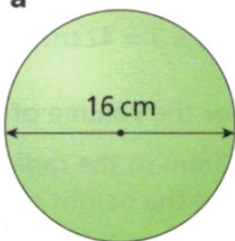


$$V = 0.52 \text{ km}^3$$

0.50 km

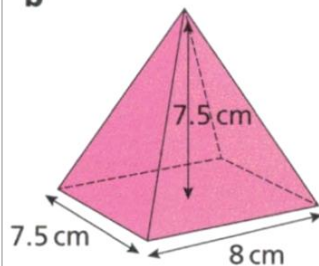
- 6 Work out the volume of each shape to 1 d.p.

a



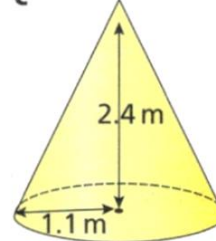
2144.7 cm³

b



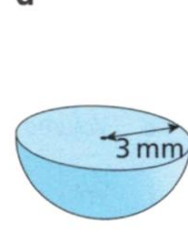
150.0 cm³

c



3.0 m³

d



56.5 mm³

- 7 Water drops falling from a tap are spheres of diameter 0.4 cm.
15 drops per minute leak from the tap.
How much water, to the nearest mL, is wasted in one day? ($1 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ cm}^3$)

724 mL

- 8 A ball's radius is doubled. How many times as large is the new ball?

8 times as larger

- 9 A box 30 cm long, 30 cm wide and 30 cm high holds 50 tennis balls of radius 3 cm. Find:
a the volume of one tennis ball, correct to 3 decimal places.

113.097 cm^3

- b the volume of 50 tennis balls, correct to 1 decimal place.

5654.9 cm^3

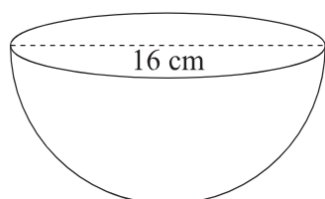
- c the volume of the box not taken up by the tennis balls, correct to 1 decimal place.

21345.1 cm^3

10 **2019 HSC Standard 2 Band 4**

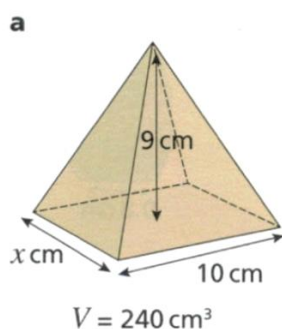
A bowl is in the shape of a hemisphere with a diameter of 16 cm.

What is the volume of the bowl, correct to the nearest cubic centimetre?

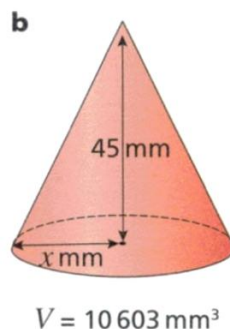


1072 cm^3

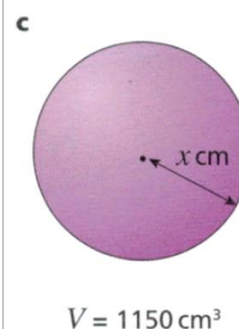
11 Work out the value of x in each of these shapes.



8



15



6.5

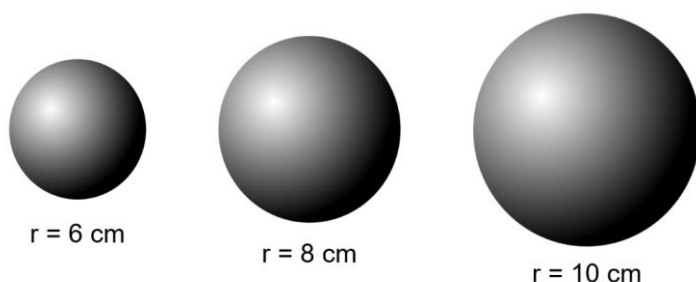
12 An expanding spherical storage bag has 800 cm^3 of water pumped into it. Find the diameter of the bag after all the water has been pumped in. Answer to 2 d.p.

11.52 cm

13 When a balloon is blown up it roughly forms a sphere. By taking a large breath, a teenager can expel 1.2 L of air from their lungs. How many of these breaths would be needed to make a balloon of diameter of 26 cm?

8 breaths

14 Three metal spheres are melted down and made into one bigger sphere. What the radius of the bigger sphere?



12 cm

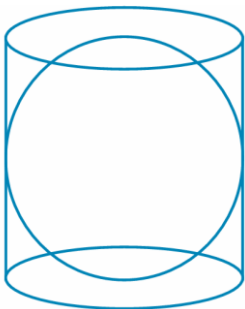
- 15** Archimedes found that for a cylinder with the same height as its base, a cone and a sphere can fit perfectly inside (if you melted them down).

$$V_{\text{Cylinder}} = V_{\text{Cone}} + V_{\text{Sphere}}$$



By substituting the volume of a cylinder $V = \pi r^2 h$ and volume of a cone $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$,
 derive the formula for the volume of a sphere.
 (Hint: what is another expression for h in this scenario?)

- 16** Archimedes also found that, for a sphere that fits perfectly inside a cylinder:



$$\frac{V_{\text{cylinder}}}{V_{\text{sphere}}} = \frac{SA_{\text{cylinder}}}{SA_{\text{sphere}}}$$

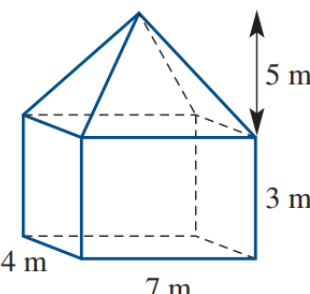
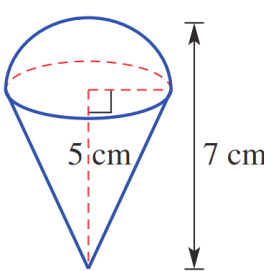
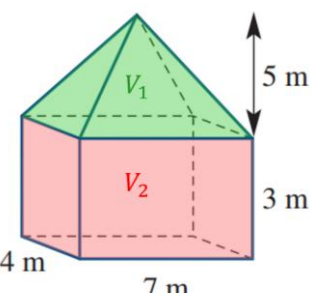
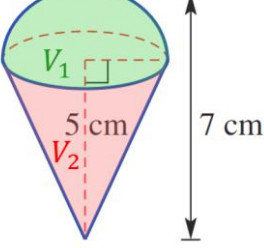
Show that this is true.

VOLUME OF COMPOSITE SOLIDS

- A **composite solid** is made up of multiple simple solids.
- To find the volume of composite figures, add or subtract the volumes of simple solids.
 - Split the composite solid into simple solids.
 - Calculate the volume of each simple solid.
 - Add or subtract the volumes.

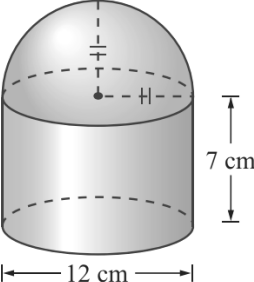
Example Calculate the volume of a composite solid.

Calculate the volumes of these solids to the nearest two decimal places.

	$V_1 = \frac{1}{3} Ah$ $= \frac{1}{3} \times (4 \times 7) \times 5$ $= \frac{140}{3}$		$V_1 = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$ $= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \times \pi (2)^3$ $= 16.75516082 \dots$
	$V_2 = Ah$ $= (4 \times 7) \times 3$ $= 84$		$V_2 = \frac{1}{3} Ah$ $= \frac{1}{3} \times \pi (2)^2 \times 5$ $= 20.94385102 \dots$
$V_{\text{tot}} = V_1 + V_2$ $= 130.67 \text{ m}^3$		$V_{\text{tot}} = V_1 + V_2$ $= 37.70 \text{ cm}^3$	

Calculate the volumes of these solids to the nearest two decimal places.

a



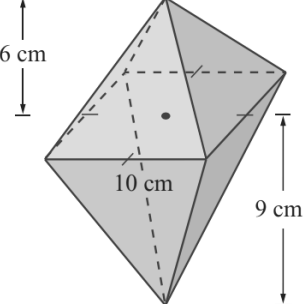
$V_1 =$

$V_2 =$

$V_{\text{tot}} =$

1244.07 cm³

b



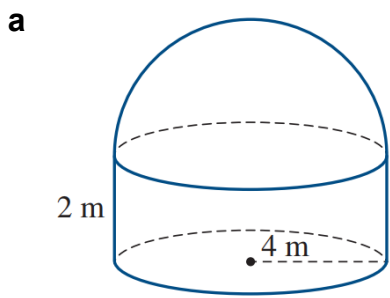
$V_1 =$

$V_2 =$

$V_{\text{tot}} =$

500 cm³

1 Calculate the volume of these composite solids. Round your answer to 1 decimal place.

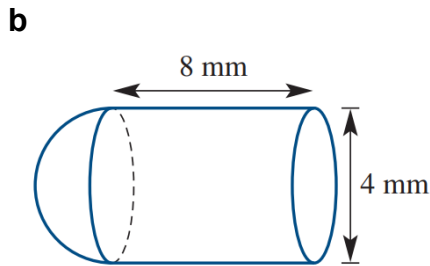


$V_1 =$

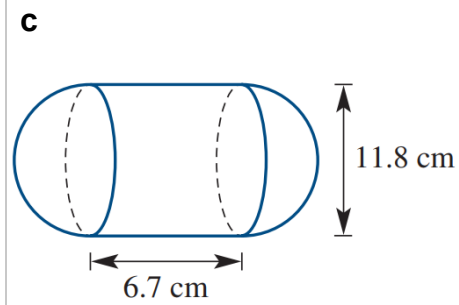
$V_2 =$

$V_{\text{tot}} =$

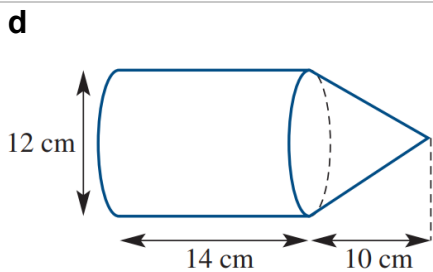
234.6 m³



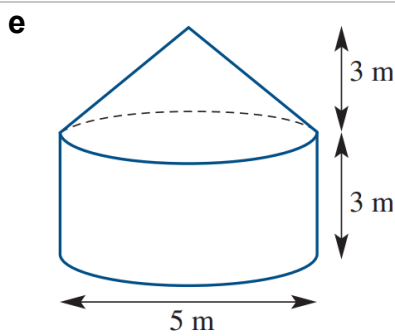
117.3 mm³



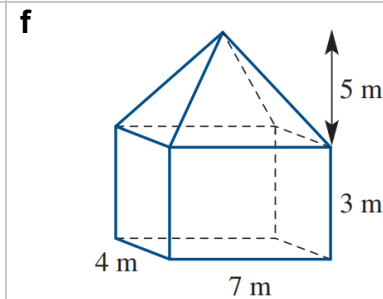
1593 cm³



1960.4 cm³

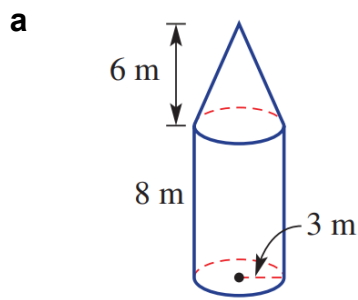


78.5 m³

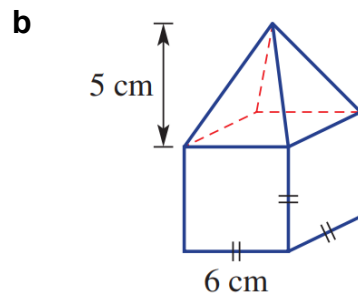


130.7 m³

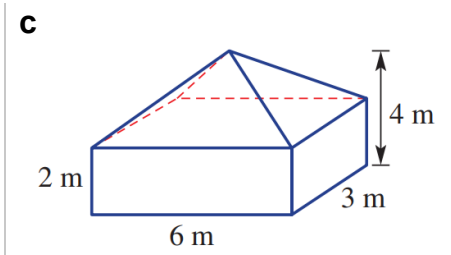
2 Calculate the volume of these composite solids. Round your answer to 2 decimal places.



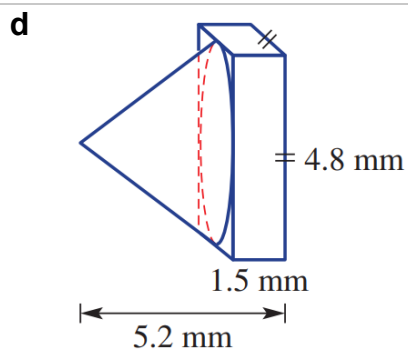
282.74 m³



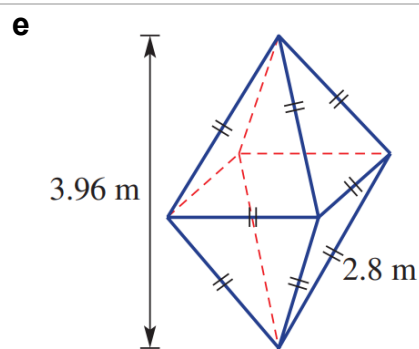
276 cm³



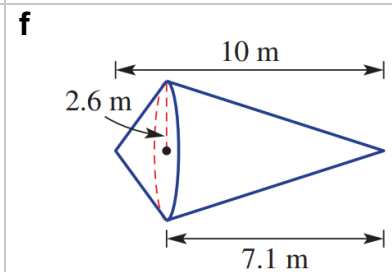
48 m³



56.88 mm³

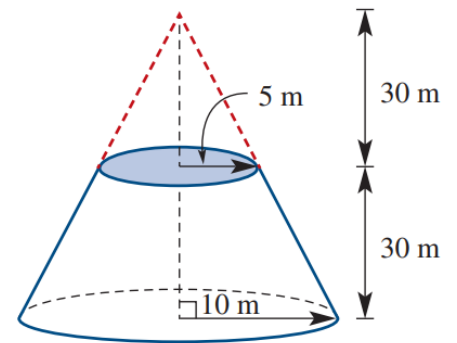


10.35 m³



70.79 m³

- 3 A frustum is a portion of a solid. The frustum shown opposite is formed from a cone.
- a What is the volume of the missing top cone? Answer correct to the nearest cubic metre.



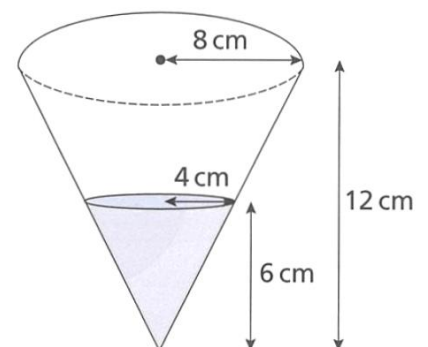
- b What was the volume of the entire cone?

- c What is the volume of the frustum?

5498 m³

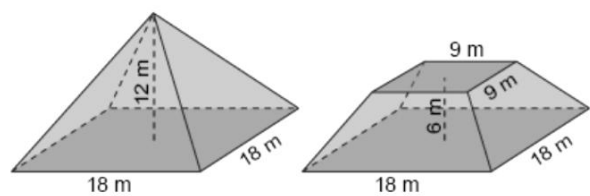
4

- a Explain why this cone is NOT half full.



- b Work out the fraction of the cone that is filled with water.

5 A frustum is a cone or pyramid with its top cut off.



Volume of complete pyramid:

Volume of removed pyramid:

1296 m³

162 m³

Volume of frustum:

1134 m³

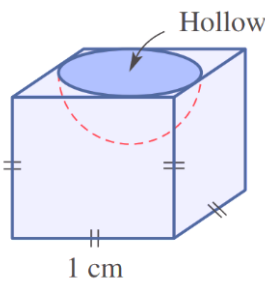
A formula for a square pyramid frustum was found on a papyrus scroll from ≈1800 BC:

$$V = \frac{1}{3}h(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

where a is the base length, b is the top side length of the truncated pyramid, and h is the perpendicular height of the truncated pyramid.
Calculate volume using this formula and comment on its accuracy.

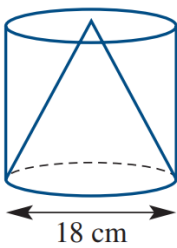
very accurate

6 A hemispherical scoop of ice-cream is taken out of a cubic tub.
Find the volume that remains, as a percentage.



74%

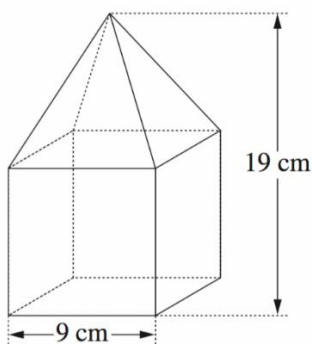
7 A cone sits exactly inside a cylinder as shown. The height of the cone is 16 cm.
What fraction of the volume of the cylinder is the cone?



1/3

8 2013 HSC Standard 2 Band 4

A square pyramid fits exactly on top of a cube to form a solid. What is the volume of the solid?



- (A) 513 cm^3
- (B) 999 cm^3
- (C) 1242 cm^3
- (D) 1539 cm^3

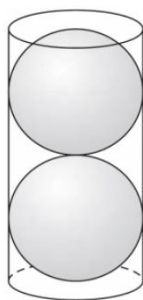
B

9 2009 HSC Standard 2 Band 4

Two identical spheres fit exactly inside a cylindrical container, as shown.

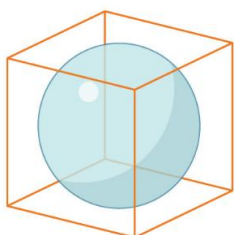
The diameter of each sphere is 12 cm.

What is the volume of the cylindrical container, to the nearest cubic centimetre?



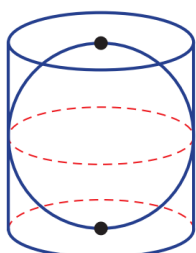
2714 cm^3

- 10 A sphere just sits inside a cube. What is the volume of the sphere as a percentage of the volume of the cube? Round your answer to the nearest whole percentage.



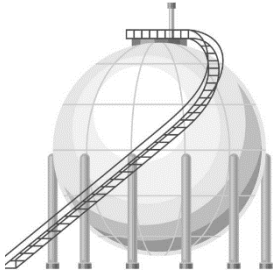
52%

- 11 A ball just fits inside a cylinder. What percentage of the volume of the cylinder is taken up by the ball? Round your answer to the nearest whole percentage.



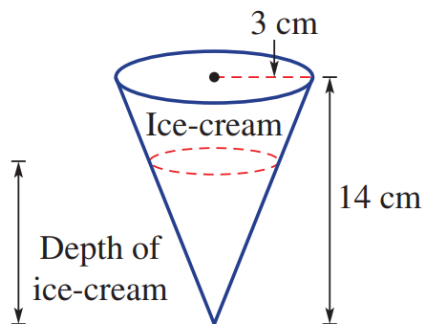
67%

- 12** A spherical container has an outer radius of 8 m and a steel shell that is 40 mm thick. What is the volume of the shell?



32 m³

- 13** The volume of ice-cream in the cone is half the volume of the cone. The cone has a 3 cm radius and height of 14 cm, as shown. What is the depth of the ice-cream, correct to 2 decimal places?



11.11 cm